The Role of Elementary Mathematics Specialists in the Teaching and Learning of Mathematics

A joint position of the Association of Mathematics Teacher Educators (AMTE), the Association of State Supervisors of Mathematics (ASSM), the National Council of Supervisors of Mathematics (NCSM), and the National Council of Teachers of Mathematics (NCTM) in response to the release of *Elementary Mathematics Specialists: A Reference for Teacher Credentialing and Degree Programs* (AMTE, 2010).

Our Position

The AMTE, ASSM, NCSM, and NCTM recommend the use of Elementary Mathematics Specialists (EMS) in PK–6 environments to enhance the teaching, learning, and assessing of mathematics in order to improve student achievement. We further advocate that every elementary school have access to an EMS. Districts, states/provinces, and higher education should work in collaboration to create: (1) advanced certification for EMS professionals; and (2) rigorous programs to prepare EMS professionals. EMS professionals need a deep and broad knowledge of mathematics content, expertise in using and helping others use effective instructional practices, and the ability to support efforts that help all PK–6 students learn important mathematics. Programs for EMS professionals should include foci on mathematics content knowledge, pedagogical knowledge, and leadership knowledge and skills.

Who are Elementary Mathematics Specialists?∗

Elementary mathematics specialists are teacher leaders who are responsible for supporting effective PK–6 mathematics instruction and student learning. The specific roles and responsibilities of EMS professionals vary according to the needs and plans of each setting, but their expertise and successful experience at the elementary level is critical. At the classroom level, an EMS professional may teach mathematics to elementary students in one or more grade levels or work with particular groups of students to provide remedial or enrichment support services. At the school or district level, EMS professionals may work primarily with teachers as coaches, in a professional development capacity or to target school-wide improvement in mathematics. In this role, EMS professionals build capacity by strengthening teachers’ understanding of mathematics content and helping them develop more effective instruction and assessment. Curriculum, assessment, and/or policy development may also be the responsibility of EMS professionals. Whatever the setting or responsibilities, EMS professionals need: (1) deep and broad understanding of mathematical content, including the specialized knowledge needed for teaching; (2) solid knowledge of the elementary context; (3) expertise in using and helping others use effective instructional and assessment practices informed by knowledge of mathematical learning trajectories; (4) knowledge and skills for working with adult learners; and (5) leadership skills necessary to influence and support educational efforts to improve the teaching and learning of mathematics.
Why are Elementary Mathematics Specialists Needed?¹

Most elementary teachers are generalists—that is, they study and teach all core subjects which may make it difficult to develop in-depth knowledge and expertise with regard to knowing and teaching elementary mathematics. Over the past two decades, the need for EMS professionals has been predominantly examined from two perspectives: (1) professionals who work primarily with teachers;¹⁻⁷ and (2) professionals who work primarily with students¹⁻¹² recognizing that some EMS professionals do both.

NCTM describes the importance of EMS professionals working with teachers in this way:

Teacher-leaders can have a significant influence by assisting teachers in building their mathematical and pedagogical knowledge.… Teacher-leaders’ support on a day-to-day basis ranging from conversations in the hall to in-classroom coaching to regular grade-level and departmental seminars focused on how students learn mathematics—can be crucial to a teacher’s work life.⁴

NCSM also advocates for EMS professionals working with teachers to build knowledge, capacity, and skills:

A single mathematics education leader can have an incredible impact on the development and effectiveness of others.… Leaders in mathematics education at all levels of the school or district organization … are crucial for ensuring attainment of high-quality school mathematics programs.¹³

The National Mathematics Advisory Panel notes the important role of EMS professionals working with students:

The use of teachers who have specialized knowledge in elementary mathematics teaching could be a practical alternative to increasing all elementary teachers’ content knowledge (a problem of huge scale) by focusing the need for expertise on fewer teachers.⁵

Evidence of Impact of Elementary Mathematics Specialists

While the call for EMS professionals began over two decades ago, currently only a few states and provinces offer advanced certification for EMS professionals. As a result, the research on the impact of EMS professionals is still emerging. However, the available research acknowledges that EMS professionals have positive impacts on teachers and students.¹⁴, ²² A number of studies describe positive changes in teachers’ practice as a result of interacting with an EMS professional including: actively engaging students,¹⁴, ¹⁵ emphasizing reasoning and problem-solving over skills-based lessons,¹⁵, ¹⁶ using students’ work to inform instruction,¹⁷ and effectively planning lessons.¹⁸ Studies also document that as EMS professionals gained experience, they had significant positive impacts on student achievement.¹⁹⁻²¹

As states and provinces move to more widespread implementation of EMS professionals, additional research needs to be conducted to document the impact on the teaching and learning of mathematics.

Guiding Documents

To support districts, states/provinces, and higher education, detailed recommendations for content knowledge, pedagogical knowledge, and leadership knowledge and skills can be found in AMTE’s Elementary Mathematics Specialists: A Reference for Teacher Credentialing and Degree Programs¹ and NCTM’s Curriculum Focal Points.²³ NCSM’s PRIME Leadership Framework: Principles and Indicators for Mathematics Education Leaders¹³ can further assist schools and districts in supporting the ongoing growth and leadership of EMS professionals. Additional EMS-related resources can be found in the reference list.
1. Association of Mathematics Teacher Educators, 
   *Standards for Elementary Mathematics Specialists: A Reference for Teacher Credentialing and Degree Programs*

2. John Dossey, “Elementary School Mathematics 

3. Francis Fennell, “We Need Elementary School 
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   CBMS Issues in Mathematics Education). (Providence, RI 
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    Standards for Elementary Mathematics Specialists* (2003), 
    http://www.nctm.org/uploadedFiles/Math_Standards/ 
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11. William Coleman et al., *Educating Americans for the 
    21st Century: A Plan of Action for Improving Mathematics, 
    Science and Technology Education for All American 
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    Mathematics: Plenty—that’s Why Elementary Schools 
    Need Math Teachers,” *American Educator, 32* (2009): 4–14, 
    http://archive.aft.org/pubs-reports/american_educator/issues/ 
    fall2009/wu.pdf.

13. National Council of Supervisors of Mathematics, 
    *The PRIME Leadership Framework: Principles and 
    Indicators for Mathematics Education Leaders* (Bloomington, 
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14. Patricia Campbell, “Empowering Children and Teachers 
    in the Elementary Mathematics Classrooms of Urban 

15. Kathryn Race, Evelyn Ho, and Leah Bower, 
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    of a Professional Development Program Directed Toward 
    School-Wide Change: An Integral Part of an Organization’s 
    Evaluation Efforts” (paper presented at the annual meeting 
    of the American Educational Research Association, New 
    AEA2002b.pdf.

    of Professional Development*, http://teachersnetwork.org/
    TNPI/research/growth/becker.htm.

17. Maggie McGatha, “Levels of Engagement in Establishing 
    139–150.

18. Helen Gerretson, Janet Bosnick, and Kathleen Schofield, 
    “A Case for Content Specialists as the Elementary Classroom 

19. Herman Meyers and Douglas Harris, *Evaluation of the 
    VMI through 2008*, http://www.uvm.edu/~vmi/index_files/ 

20. Patti Brosnan and Diana Erchick, “Mathematics 
    Coaching and Its Impact on Student Achievement,” in 
    *Proceedings of the Psychology of Mathematics Education— 
    North America*, ed. Patti Brosnan, Azita Manochehri, 
    and Doug Owens (Columbus, OH: PME-NA, 2010).

21. Patricia Campbell and Nathaniel Malkus, “The Impact of 
    Elementary Mathematics Coaches on Student Achievement,” 

22. Maggie McGatha, “Mathematics Specialists and 
    Mathematics Coaches: What Does the Research Say?” 
    *NCTM Research Briefs*, ed. Judith Reed Quander (Reston, 
    aspx?id=22839.

23. National Council of Teachers of Mathematics, 
    *Curriculum Focal Points for Prekindergarten Through Grade 
    8 Mathematics: A Quest for Coherence* (Reston, VA: NCTM, 

24. For additional information see the Elementary 
    Mathematics Specialists and Teacher Leader website, 